# INDUSTRIAL WASTEWATER DISCHARGE CLASS I PERMIT

Permit No: 2-1-297

# FOR DISCHARGE OF WASTEWATER ISSUED BY ORANGE COUNTY SANITATION DISTRICT

In accordance with the provisions of the Wastewater Discharge Regulations of Orange County Sanitation District, herein referred to as "District",

### CUSTOM ENAMELERS INC. 18340 MT. BALDY CIR. FOUNTAIN VALLEY, CA 92708

hereinafter referred to as "Permittee", is hereby authorized to discharge industrial wastewater from the above identified facility into the District's sewer system in accordance with the conditions set forth in this permit. Such conditions are as specified in the following parts of this permit:

Part 1 - Effluent Limits and Flow Basis

Part 2 - Monitoring, Notification, and Reporting Requirements

Part 3 - Standard Conditions
Part 4 - Special Conditions

Compliance with this permit does not relieve the Permittee of its obligation to comply with the District's current Wastewater Discharge Regulations, any applicable pretreatment regulations, standards or requirements under local, State, and Federal laws, including any such regulations, standards, requirements or laws that may become effective during the term of this permit. Non-compliance with any term or condition of this permit constitutes a violation of the current Wastewater Discharge Regulations.

This permit shall become effective on June 01, 2013 and shall expire on May 31, 2015.

James E. Colston

**Environmental Compliance Manager** 

Issued on

May 14, 2013

ORANGE COUNTY SANITATION DISTRICT, CALIFORNIA

10844 Ellis Avenue Fountain Valley, CA 92728-8127 (714) 962-2411

#### PART 1 - EFFLUENT LIMITS AND FLOW BASIS

During the period from June 01, 2013 to May 31, 2015, Permittee is authorized to discharge industrial wastewater into the sewer system tributary to the District's sewerage facilities. The effluent discharge shall not exceed either the following concentration limits in mg/L or the mass emission rate limits in lbs/day. If your mass emission rate is based on flow, then your flow base is presumed to be 5000 gallons per day (gpd) of wastewater flow at the sampling point.

Company Name: CUSTOM ENAMELERS INC.				Permit No.: 2-1-297		
Sewer Address:	Flow Base: 50	Flow Base: 5000 gpd			Date:	06/01/2013
18340 MT. BALDY CIR. FOUNTAIN VALLEY, CA 92708	WWAR Percent Los		5	Expiratio	n Date:	05/31/2015
Primary Category: Metal Finishing	Subcategory: 40 CF	Subcategory: 40 CFR # 433.17 PSNS Subpart:		: A-Metal Finishing		
	DISCHA	RGE LIMITS				
CONSTITUENT	Instantaneous Limit mg/L	Daily Max mg/L	4-Day Avg mg/L	Monthly Avg mg/L	Daily Max lbs/day	Monthly Avg Ibs/day
Arsenic	2.000	2.000	Œ	П	0.083	я
BOD					15000	10000
CN(A)	1.000	1.000	•	E	0.042	<u> </u>
CN(T)	5.000	1.200		0.650	0.050	
Cadmium	1.000	0.110	ы	0.070	0.005	п
Chromium	2.000	2.000	8	1.710	0.083	
Copper	3.000	3.000	M	2.070	0.125	20
Dissolved Sulfides	0.500	0.500		m		
Lead	2.000	0.690	•	0.430	0.029	20
Mercury	0.030	0.030			0.001	
Nickel	10.000	3.980		2.380	0.166	M
Oil & Grease Min.	100.000	100.000				
PCB	0.010	0.010		8	20	8
Pesticides	0.010	0.010				
Silver	5.000	0.430	<b>3</b>	0.240	0.018	80
Total Sulfides	5.000	5.000			•	
Total Toxic Organics	0.580	0.580				
Zinc	10.000	2.610		1.480	0.109	
рН	6-12	6-12	R	ш	101	

SAMPLING POINT LOCATION: The above effluent limits apply at the sampling point located behind the building adjacent to the washpad. The sample point is a clean-out/stand pipe and represents all industrial wastewater discharge from the facility.

Cyanide limits apply at the sampling point after cyanide treatment, but prior to dilution with other streams. If there is no cyanide treatment, the sample must be taken at the end of the cyanide process before dilution with other process streams. In the absence of cyanide process, the limits apply at the sampling point location described above (end of pipe).

#### PART 2 - SELF-MONITORING, NOTIFICATION AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

#### I. SELF-MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

Permittee shall conduct monitoring of its own wastewater effluent for the purpose of determining the status of compliance/non-compliance and user charges. Based on the results, Permittee shall make the necessary adjustments/corrections to bring the wastewater discharge into immediate compliance with its permitted limits. The specific requirements are as follows:

#### A. Monitoring/Sampling Requirements

From the effective date of the permit and until the permit is terminated or revised, Permittee shall monitor its wastewater discharge for the following parameters at the indicated frequency<sup>1</sup>:

Parameters	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type <sup>2</sup>	Procedure
Metals:			
Cadmium	Quarterly	Composite	Composite
Chromium	Quarterly	Composite	Composite
Copper	Quarterly	Composite	Composite
Lead	Quarterly	Composite	Composite
Nickel	Quarterly	Composite	Composite
Silver	Quarterly	Composite	Composite
Zinc	Quarterly	Composite	Composite
Cyanides: CN(T)	Semi-Annual	Grab	four(4) grab samples which may be combined by the laboratory personnel prior to analysis
Organics <sup>4</sup> :			
624	Semi-Annual	Grab	four(4) grab samples which must be individually analyzed
Others:			
None			
Flow (gal/day) <sup>3</sup>			
pH <sup>3</sup>			

NOTE: To the extent that special conditions in Part 4 of this permit require more extensive self monitoring, the special conditions shall apply.

#### B. Representative Sampling and Laboratory Analyses

Samples and measurements taken as required herein shall be representative of the volume and nature of the regulated industrial discharge during hours of production. All samples shall be taken at the sampling point location as designated in this permit. All equipment used for sampling and analysis must be routinely calibrated, inspected, and maintained to ensure its accuracy. All sampling and laboratory analyses shall be conducted in accordance with Attachment A.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Sample type is elther composite or grab as defined in current Wastewater Discharge Regulations under Section 102.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Flow and pH should be measured concurrently with composite sampling.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>See Attachment A Section 3c for a list of Total Toxic Organic constituents, if applicable.

#### C. Frequency, Sampling Schedule and Due Dates for Submission of Reports

Sampling of wastewater effluent and reporting of results shall be done in accordance with the schedule shown below. Sampling may be performed any day within the specified date range as designated in this permit. If sampling cannot be conducted within the specified date for any valid reason, the District must be notified in advance and in writing, of the reason(s) for the inability to sample and the new proposed sampling date.

#### 1. Quarterly and Semi-Annual Frequency Deadlines

METALS		Sampling Date	Report Submission Due Date
Fourth Quarter	(Apr 2013 - Jun 2013)	June 1 - June 16	June 30, 2013
First Quarter	(Jul 2013 - Sep 2013)	September 1 - September 16	September 30, 2013
Second Quarter	(Oct 2013 - Dec 2013)	December 1 - December 16	December 31, 2013
Third Quarter	(Jan 2014 - Mar 2014)	March 1 - March 16	March 31, 2014
Fourth Quarter	(Apr 2014 - Jun 2014)	June 1 - June 16	June 30, 2014
First Quarter	(Jul 2014 - Sep 2014)	September 1 - September 16	September 30, 2014
Second Quarter	(Oct 2014 - Dec 2014)	December 1 - December 16	December 31, 2014
Third Quarter	(Jan 2015 - Mar 2015)	March 1 - March 16	March 31, 2015
Fourth Quarter	(Apr 2015 - Jun 2015)	June 1 - June 16	June 30, 2015
BOD, TSS		Sampling Date	Report Submission Due Date
None			
CYANIDES		Sampling Date	Report Submission Due Date
Second Half	(Jan 2013 - Jun 2013)	June 1 - June 16	June 30, 2013
First Half	(Jul 2013 - Dec 2013)	December 1 - December 16	December 31, 2013
Second Half	(Jan 2014 - Jun 2014)	June 1 - June 16	June 30, 2014
First Half	(Jul 2014 - Dec 2014)	December 1 - December 16	December 31, 2014
Second Half	(Jan 2015 - Jun 2015)	June 1 - June 16	June 30, 2015
ORGANICS		Sampling Date	Report Submission Due Date
Second Half	(Jan 2013 - Jun 2013)	June 1 - June 16	June 30, 2013
First Half	(Jul 2013 - Dec 2013)	December 1 - December 16	December 31, 2013
Second Half	(Jan 2014 - Jun 2014)	June 1 - June 16	June 30, 2014
First Half	(Jul 2014 - Dec 2014)	December 1 - December 16	December 31, 2014
Second Half	(Jan 2015 - Jun 2015)	June 1 - June 16	June 30, 2015
OIL & GREASE		Sampling Date	Report Submission Due Date
None			

#### D. Requirements for Reporting Results

#### 1. Self-Monitoring Reports

Permittee shall submit a Self-Monitoring Report (SMR) on the date(s) specified above. Monitoring results shall be summarized and reported on a District SMR form. The District will not accept formats other than what is shown in the SMR form; therefore, forms provided by the District or replicates must be used for reporting of results. Failure to receive the SMR forms does not relieve Permittee from the obligation to perform the self-monitoring and submit the report on the required date. The SMR form shall be completely filled-out, with copies of all laboratory results attached. The report shall indicate the concentration of all pollutants in the effluent for which sampling and analyses were performed, including water meter readings required for flow measurement.

If sampling performed by the permittee indicates a violation, the permittee shall notify the Source Control Division within 24 hours of becoming aware of the violation. The reporting may be accomplished by a telephone call, fax transmission, e-mail, or a personal visit to Source Control. The violation reporting shall contain the date and time of the wastewater sample, the discharge flow for the sample, a possible explanation for the violation(s), and the date scheduled for the resample.

#### 2. Signatory Requirements

Prior to submittal of the SMR to the District, the results shall be verified and signed under penalty of perjury, by an authorized company official as defined in 40 CFR 403.

#### E. Additional Monitoring Requirements in Response to Non-compliance

#### 1. Resampling

Upon submission of the SMR to the District by the required due date, the District will process the results for mass emission rate calculations, review the concentration results, and notify Permittee of the results. If the results indicate that a violation of the applicable concentration and/or mass discharge limits has occurred, a Notice of Violation will be issued and Permittee must repeat the sampling and pollutant analyses of the required parameters, and submit the results of the repeat analysis to the district within 30 days after becoming aware of the violation.

#### 2. Reporting

- a. The monitoring results shall be submitted as specified in E.1.
- b. The requirements for reporting results, as described in D.1 and D.2, shall be followed for the additional monitoring requirements in response to non-compliance.

#### F. Requirements for Reporting Results of Voluntary Self-Monitoring

- Any voluntary self-monitoring sample of the effluent obtained during a 24-hour period from the representative sampling point location identified in Part 1 of this permit, that is collected and analyzed in accordance with the guidelines shown in Attachment A, constitutes a valid sample. Results of the analysis for all valid samples shall be reported to the District, regardless of the outcome.
- Self-monitoring results for all valid samples must be submitted using an official numbered Voluntary Self-Monitoring Report (VSMR) Form and received by the District within 30 days from the day the sampling event was concluded. Permittee shall obtain the official VSMR Form from the District, with a unique tracking/identification number for each day of self-monitoring.
- 3. The District will not consider VSMR Forms received after 30 days from the day the sampling event was concluded. Exceptions to the 30-day submittal policy due to extenuating circumstances or special situations shall be authorized by the District's General Manager or his/her designee.
- 4. Upon submission of the completed VSMR Form to the District by the required 30-day due date, the District will evaluate the sample results to determine compliance. If the results indicate that a violation of the applicable discharge limits has occurred, a notice of violation may be issued requiring Permittee to implement corrective measures.

#### II. NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

A. Permittee shall comply with the notification requirements set forth in the current Wastewater Discharge Regulations:

#### 1. Notification of Spill and Slug Loading

- a. In the event Permittee is unable to comply with any permit condition due to a breakdown of equipment, accidents, or human error, or Permittee has reasonable opportunity to know that his discharge will exceed the discharge provisions of the user's permit, Permittee shall immediately notify the District by telephone. If the material discharged to the sewer has the potential to cause or result in a fire or explosion hazard, Permittee shall immediately notify the local fire department and the District.
- b. Confirmation of this notification shall be made in writing no later than five (5) working days from the date of the incident. The written notification shall state the date of the incident, the reasons for the discharge or spill, what steps were taken to immediately correct the problem, and what steps are being taken to prevent the problem from recurring.
- c. Such notification shall not relieve the user of any expense, loss, damage or other liability which may be incurred as a result of damage or loss to the District or any other damage or loss to person or property; nor shall such notification relieve the user of any fees or other liability which may be imposed by a District's Ordinance or other applicable law.

#### 2. Notification of Bypass

- Bypass of industrial wastewater to the sewer system is prohibited. The District may take enforcement action against the user, unless:
  - Bypass was unavoidable because it was done to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property damage;
  - (ii) There were no feasible alternatives to the bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes, elective slow-down or shut-down of production units or maintenance during periods of production downtime. This condition is not satisfied if adequate backup equipment could have been feasibly installed in the exercise of reasonable engineering judgment to prevent a bypass which occurred during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventative maintenance; and,
  - (iii) Permittee submitted notices as required under 2.b.
- b. If Permittee knows in advance of the need for a bypass, it shall submit a written request to allow the bypass to the District, if possible, at least ten (10) days before the date of the bypass.
- c. The District may approve an anticipated bypass at its sole discretion after considering its adverse effects, and the District determines that the conditions listed in 2.a.(i-iii) are met.
- d. Permittee shall provide telephone notification to the District of an unanticipated bypass that exceeds its permitted discharge limits within four hours from the time Permittee becomes aware of the bypass. A written report shall also be provided within five (5) days of the time Permittee becomes aware or could reasonably have been aware of the bypass. The report shall contain a description of the bypass and its cause; the duration of the bypass, including exact dates and times, and, if the bypass has not been corrected, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent recurrence of the bypass. Failure to submit oral notice or written report may be grounds for permit revocation.

#### B. Notification regarding Planned Changes

Permittee shall notify the District 90 days in advance prior to any facility expansion, production increase, or process modifications which may result in new or substantially increased discharges or a change in the nature of the discharge. Permittee shall notify the District in writing of the proposed expansion and shall submit any information requested by the District for evaluation of the effect of such expansion on the Permittee's discharge to the sewer system.

### III. OTHER REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

#### A. Slug Discharge Control Plan

Permittee shall develop, maintain and implement in accordance with 40 CFR 403.8(f)(2)(v) a Slug Control Plan to respond to spills, emergency bypass and any accidental discharges that may result in a violation of any permit limits or conditions, or may significantly exceed the normal flow to the sewer system or pollutant loading. The plan shall contain detailed procedures to be followed by permittee in responding to a slug discharge at the Permittee's facility. The procedures shall include provisions to eliminate endangerment of human health and safety by containment and clean up of the slug discharge, and prevent any violation of Permittee's discharge limits and the District's Wastewater Discharge Regulations (Ordinances). The Plan shall also provide procedures and facilitate immediate notification of the District of a slug discharge event.

Permittee shall review and update the Slug Control Plan every two years.

The Slug Discharge Control Plan, at a minimum, must contain the following:

- 1. Description of the permittee's sewer discharge practices including non-routine batch discharges.
- 2. Description of stored chemicals including type and characteristic, volume, and chemical hazard classification.
- 3. Procedures to prevent slug discharges to the sewer system.
- 4. Description of equipment for responding to slug discharges.
- Procedures for inspection and maintenance of the chemical storage areas to assure proper daily handling.
- 6. A copy of an operation log sheet recording the maintenance performed, volume of spill, and corrective measures taken.
- 7. Procedures for proper training of key personnel for handling slug discharges.
- 8. Emergency telephone numbers for promptly reporting slug discharges to the appropriate governmental agencies.

#### **B.** Waste Minimization Requirements

Upon request by the District, Permittee shall provide waste minimization plans to conserve water, investigate product substitution, provide inventory control, implement employee education, and other steps as necessary to minimize waste produced.

#### C. Water and Tax Bill Submittal

Permittee shall submit to the District, copies of Water and Tax Bills within 30 days of receipt of such bills.

#### D. Changes in Company Information

Permittee shall immediately inform the District of any changes or inaccuracies in the following company information which is currently on file:

COMPANY NAME: CUSTOM ENAMELERS INC.	PHONE: (714) 540-7884 FAX: (714) 540-1749	LOCAL SEWERING AGENCY: CITY OF FOUNTAIN VALLEY	
MAILING ADDRESS: 18340 MT. BALDY CIR.	RESPONSIBLE OFFICER: DARYL FOLMER	NO. OF EMPLOYEES: 16	
FOUNTAIN VALLEY, CA 92708	OWNER	WORK DAYS/YEAR: 250	
SERVICE ADDRESS:	DESIGNATED SIGNATORY:	N.A.I.C.S. NUMBER:	
18340 MT. BALDY CIR. FOUNTAIN VALLEY, CA 92708	DARYL FOLMER OWNER	332812	

#### E. Falsifying Information

Knowingly making any false statement on any report or other document required by this permit or knowingly rendering any monitoring device or method inaccurate is a crime and may result in the imposition of criminal sanctions and/or civil penalties.

#### **PART 3 - STANDARD CONDITIONS**

#### I. PROHIBITIONS, LIMITS AND REQUIREMENTS

Permittee is required to comply with the prohibitions and limits on discharges set forth in Article 2 of the current Wastewater Discharge Regulations:

- A. Prohibited Discharges
- B. Prohibition on Dilution
- C. Prohibition on Surface Runoff and Groundwater
- D. Prohibition on Unpolluted Water
- E. Prohibition on the Use of Grinders
- F. Prohibition on Point of Discharge
- G. Prohibition on Medical Waste
- H. Prohibition on Disposal of Spent Solutions and Sludges

#### II. CIVIL PENALTIES

All users of the District's system and facilities are subject to enforcement actions administratively or judicially by the District, U.S. EPA, State of California Regional Water Quality Control Board, or the County of Orange District Attorney. Any person who violates any provision of the current Wastewater Discharge Regulations; or any permit condition, prohibition or effluent limitation; or any suspension or revocation order shall be liable civilly for a sum not to exceed \$25,000.000 per violation, for each day in which such violation occurs.

#### A. Administrative Civil Penalties

Administrative Civil Penalties may be assessed as follows:

- 1.) In an amount which shall not exceed two thousand dollars (\$2,000.00) for each day for failing or refusing to furnish technical or monitoring reports;
- 2.) In an amount which shall not exceed three thousand dollars (\$3,000.00) for each day for failing or refusing to timely comply with any compliance schedules established by the District;
- 3.) In an amount which shall not exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00) per violation for each day of discharge in violation of any waste discharge limit, permit condition, or requirement issued, reissued, or adopted by the District;
- 4.) In any amount which does not exceed ten dollars (\$10.00) per gallon for discharges in violation of any suspension, revocation, cease and desist order or other orders, or prohibition issued, or adopted by the District.

#### III. CRIMINAL PENALITIES

Any person who violates any provision of the Ordinance is guilty of a misdemeanor which upon conviction is punishable by a fine not to exceed \$1,000.00 or imprisonment for not more than thirty (30) days, or both. Each violation and each day in which a violation occurs may constitute a new and separate violation.

#### IV. SEVERABILITY

The provisions of this permit are severable. If any provision of the permit limits and/or requirements, or the application thereof, to the Permittee is held invalid, the remainder of the permit limits and/or requirements shall remain in full force and effect.

#### V. OTHER CONDITIONS

- A. Permittee is required to comply with all regulations and discharge limits in the current Wastewater Discharge Regulations and any attachments to this permit.
- B. Except as expressly authorized by the District, upon the sale or transfer of ownership of the business for which this permit is issued, this permit shall be void. The permittee shall notify the District in writing prior to the transfer of ownership and shall give a copy of the existing permit to the new owner or operator.
- C. Issued Permits are for a specific user, for a specific operation at a specific location, create no vested rights, and are non-transferable unless conditions as stated in the Ordinance are met. If transfer is allowed, a copy of the existing permit must be given to the new owner or operator. Industrial Wastewater Discharge permits, their concentration limits or their mass emission rates shall not be transferred for an operation at a different location.
- D. Permittee shall maintain plant records relating to wastewater discharge and waste manifests for a minimum of three years.

## PART 4 - SPECIAL CONDITIONS FOR PERMIT NO. 2-1-297

1. No Special Conditions.

# **ATTACHMENTS**

**PERMIT NO. 2-1-297** 

**CUSTOM ENAMELERS INC.** 

# ATTACHMENT A PERMIT NO. 2-1-297 CUSTOM ENAMELERS INC.

#### **SELF-MONITORING REQUIREMENTS**

#### 1. Sampling and Analysis of Heavy Metals

- a. Composite Sampling. Permittee shall collect and analyze a 24-hour composite sample of the wastewater effluent for heavy metals at a frequency specified in Part 2 of the permit. All effluent sampling must be conducted using an automatic sampling device which is capable of collecting samples at 15-minute intervals during all hours of discharge in a 24-hour day. Flow-proportional samples are acceptable with a minimum of 96 samples collected per 24 hours of discharge. For batch dischargers, a grab sample is acceptable for a well-mixed batch; otherwise, a composite sample during the period of discharge must be obtained.
- b. Discharge Flow. Water meter readings shall be obtained during the start and end of composite sampling to determine the volume of water discharged during the 24 hour sampling period. Meter readings are necessary to determine the total flow needed for calculation of the daily mass emission rate for the actual wastewater discharged. Additionally, the start and stop times must be recorded. The units in which the water meter readings are expressed must be properly ascertained.
  - Permittee shall measure and record daily total flow using flow measurement devices and methods that ensure an accurate measurement of the volume of monitored discharge. The use of effluent meters provides an accurate measurement of the volume discharged; however, in the absence of effluent meters, the OCSD accepts the use of incoming water meters or process meter totalizers with appropriate standard deductions such as domestic, process, and landscape losses. These deductions will be applied by the OCSD, upon processing of the self-monitoring report, to determine the volume of wastewater discharged to the sewer system. The devices shall be installed, calibrated, and maintained to ensure that the accuracy of the measurement is consistent with the accepted capability of that device.
- c. Laboratory Analyses. All wastewater samples shall be collected and analyzed in accordance with the appropriate procedures contained in 40 CFR 136. Where 40 CFR 136 does not include sampling or analytical techniques for the pollutants in question, analyses shall be performed using the most current edition of "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater". Wastewater analyses shall be performed by a laboratory utilizing the approved method for performing the analyses on the required constituents. Upon the OCSD request, Permittee shall obtain from their laboratory and furnish to the OCSD, information regarding test methods and equipment used, including quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) information. Other information deemed necessary by the OCSD to determine the adequacy, accuracy, and precision of the results may also be required.

#### 2. Sampling and Analysis for Cyanides

- a. Sampling. Permittee shall collect and analyze a sample of its wastewater effluent for cyanides at a frequency specified in Part 2 of the Permit. All sampling for cyanide must be conducted by taking grab samples of the wastewater after cyanide treatment, but prior to dilution with other streams. If there is no cyanide treatment, the samples must be taken at the end of the cyanide process before dilution with other process streams. A minimum of four grab samples shall be taken independently during hours of operation within a 24-hour period. The grab samples may be composited by the laboratory personnel prior to analysis. Proper sampling and preservation techniques in accordance with EPA requirements must be used to ensure representative sample results.
- b. Laboratory Analyses. All wastewater samples shall be collected and analyzed for cyanides in accordance with the appropriate procedures contained in 40 CFR 136 using EPA Methods. Wastewater analyses shall be performed by a laboratory utilizing the approved method for performing the analyses on the required constituents. Upon the OCSD request, Permittee shall obtain from their laboratory and furnish to the OCSD, information regarding test methods and equipment used, including QA/QC information. Other information deemed necessary by the OCSD to determine the adequacy, accuracy, and precision of the results may also be required.

#### 3. Sampling and Analysis for Total Toxic Organics (TTOs)

a. Sampling. Permittee shall collect and analyze samples of the wastewater effluent at the sample point for TTOs at a frequency specified in Part 2 of the permit. All effluent sampling for volatile organic compounds must be conducted by taking grab samples of the wastewater effluent. A minimum of four grab samples shall be taken independently during hours of operation within a 24 hour period. Each sample shall be analyzed independently for toxic organic constituents present in the facility. The average concentration from the four grab sample results with concentrations greater than 10 μg/L shall be used to determine compliance with TTOs mass emission and/or concentration limits.

- b. Laboratory Analyses. All wastewater samples shall be collected and analyzed in accordance with the appropriate procedures contained in 40 CFR 136 using EPA Methods (i.e., for Purgeable Halocarbons and Aromatics, use Methods 601 and 602, or 624). Wastewater analyses shall be performed by a laboratory utilizing the approved method for performing the analyses on the required constituents. Upon the OCSD request, Permittee shall obtain from their laboratory and furnish to the OCSD, information regarding test methods and equipment used, including QA/QC information. Other information deemed necessary by the OCSD to determine the adequacy, accuracy, and precision of the results may also be required.
- c. TTO Constituents. The TTO limit is a summation of individual values greater than 0.01 milligrams per liter for the following organics listed under a specific test method:

Method 624 - 1,1,1-Trichloroethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane, 1,1,2-Trichloroethane, 1,1-Dichloroethane, 1,1-Dichloroethane, 1,2-Dichloroethane, 1,2-Dichloropropane, 1,3-Dichlorobenzene, 1,3-dichloropropane, 1,4-Dichlorobenzene, 2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether, Acrolein, Acrylonitrile, Benzene, Bromodichloromethane, Bromoform, Bromomethane, Carbon Tetrachloride, Chlorobenzene, Chloroethane, Chloroform, Chloromethane, Dibromochloromethane, Ethylbenzene, Hexachlorobutadiene, Methylene Chloride, Naphthalene, Tetrachloroethene, Toluene, Trichloroethene, Vinyl Chloride, trans-1,2-Dichloroethene

#### 4. Sampling and Analysis of BOD and TSS

- a. Composite Sampling. Permittee shall collect and analyze a 24-hour composite sample of the wastewater effluent at the sample point for BOD and TSS at a frequency specified in Part 2 of the permit. All effluent sampling must be conducted using an automatic sampling device which is capable of collecting samples at 15-minute intervals during all hours of discharge in a 24-hour day. Flow-proportional samples are acceptable with a minimum of 96 samples collected per 24 hours of discharge. For batch dischargers, a grab sample is acceptable for a well-mixed batch; otherwise, a composite sample during the period of discharge must be obtained.
- b. Discharge Flow. Water meter readings shall be obtained during the start and end of composite sampling to determine the volume of water discharged during the 24 hour sampling period. Meter readings are necessary to determine the total flow needed for calculation of the daily mass emission rate for the actual wastewater discharged. Additionally, the start and stop times must be recorded. The units in which the water meter readings are expressed must be properly ascertained.
  - Permittee shall measure and record daily total flow using flow measurement devices and methods that ensure an accurate measurement of the volume of monitored discharge. The use of effluent meters provides an accurate measurement of the volume discharged; however, in the absence of effluent meters, the OCSD accepts the use of incoming water meters or process meter totalizers with appropriate standard deductions such as domestic, process, and landscape losses. These deductions will be applied by the OCSD, upon processing of the self-monitoring report, to determine the volume of wastewater discharged to the sewer system. The devices shall be installed, calibrated, and maintained to ensure that the accuracy of the measurement is consistent with the accepted capability of that device.
- c. Laboratory Analyses. All wastewater samples shall be collected and analyzed in accordance with the appropriate procedures contained in 40 CFR 136 using EPA Methods. Wastewater analyses shall be performed by a laboratory utilizing the approved method for performing the analyses on the required constituents. Upon the OCSD request, Permittee shall obtain from their laboratory and furnish to the OCSD, information regarding test methods and equipment used, including QA/QC information. Other information deemed necessary by the OCSD to determine the adequacy, accuracy, and precision of the results may also be required.

#### 5. Sampling and Analysis for Oil and Grease (O&G)

- a. Sampling. Permittee shall collect and analyze samples of the wastewater effluent at the sample point location for O&G at a frequency specified in Part 2 of the permit. A minimum of four grab samples shall be taken independently during hours of operation within a 24-hour period. The grab samples may be composited by the laboratory personnel prior to analysis. Proper sampling and preservation techniques, in accordance with EPA requirements, must be used to ensure representative results.
- b. Laboratory Analyses. All wastewater samples shall be collected and analyzed in accordance with the appropriate procedures contained in 40 CFR 136 using EPA Methods. Wastewater analyses shall be performed by a laboratory utilizing the approved method for performing the analyses on the required constituents. Upon the OCSD request, Permittee shall obtain from their laboratory and furnish to the OCSD, information regarding test methods and equipment used, including QA/QC information. Other information deemed necessary by the OCSD to determine the adequacy, accuracy, and precision of the results may also be required.